judgments do not include those filed as a result of action in the United States Tax Courts.

- (h) Federal crop insurance violation. The applicant, and all entity members in the case of an entity, must not be ineligible due to disqualification resulting from Federal crop insurance violation according to 7 CFR part 718.
- (i) Managerial ability. The applicant must have sufficient managerial ability to assure reasonable prospects of loan repayment, as determined by the Agency. The applicant must demonstrate this managerial ability by:
- (1) Education. For example, the applicant obtained a 4-year college degree in agricultural business, horticulture, animal science, agronomy, or other agricultural-related field.
- (2) On-the-job training. For example, the applicant is currently working on a farm as part of an apprenticeship program.
- (3) Farming experience. For example, the applicant has been an owner, manager, or operator of a farm business for at least one entire production cycle. The farming experience must have been obtained within the last 5 years.
- (j) Borrower training. The applicant must agree to meet the training requirements in subpart K of this part.
- (k) Operator of a family farm. Except for CL:
- (1) The applicant must be the operator of a family farm after the loan is closed.
- (2) For an entity applicant, if the entity members holding a majority interest are:
- (i) Related by blood or marriage, at least one member must be the operator of a family farm;
- (ii) Not related by blood or marriage, the entity members holding a majority interest must be operators of a family farm.
- (3) Except for EM loans, the collective interests of the members may be larger than a family farm only if:
- (i) Each member's ownership interest is not larger than a family farm;
- (ii) All of the members of the entity are related by blood or marriage; and
- (iii) All of the members are or will become operators of the family farm; and

- (4) If the entity applicant has an operator and ownership interest for farm ownership loans and emergency loans for farm ownership loan purposes, in any other farming operation, that farming operation must not exceed the requirements of a family farm.
- (1) Entity composition. If the applicant is an entity, the entity members are not themselves entities.

[72 FR 63298, Nov. 8, 2007, as amended at 75 FR 54015, Sept. 3, 2010]

## § 764.102 General limitations.

- (a) Limitations specific to each loan program are contained in subparts D through I of this part.
- (b) The total principal balance owed to the Agency at any one time by the applicant, or any one who will sign the promissory note, cannot exceed the limits established in §761.8 of this chapter.
- (c) The funds from the FLP loan must be used for farming operations located in the United States.
- (d) The Agency will not make a loan if the proceeds will be used:
- (1) For any purpose that contributes to excessive erosion of highly erodible land, or to the conversion of wetlands;
- (2) To drain, dredge, fill, level, or otherwise manipulate a wetland; or
- (3) To engage in any activity that results in impairing or reducing the flow, circulation, or reach of water, except in the case of activity related to the maintenance of previously converted wetlands as defined in the Food Security Act of 1985.
- (e) Any construction financed by the Agency must comply with the standards established in §761.10 of this chapter.
- (f) Loan funds will not be used to establish or support a non-eligible enterprise, even if the non-eligible enterprise contributes to the farm.

[72 FR 63298, Nov. 8, 2007, as amended at 75 FR 54015, Sept. 3, 2010]

## § 764.103 General security requirements

- (a) Security requirements specific to each loan program are outlined in subparts D through I of this part.
- (b) All loans must be secured by assets having a security value of at least 100 percent of the loan amount, except